

General Certificate of Education
January 2002
Advanced Level Examination



PHYSICS (SPECIFICATION A)
Unit 4 Waves, Fields and Nuclear Energy

PA04

Section A

Monday 28 January 2002 Morning Session

In addition to this paper you will require:

- an objective test answer sheet;
- a black or blue ball-point pen;
- a calculator;
- a question paper/answer book for Section B (enclosed).

Time allowed: The total time for Section A and Section B of this paper is 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use a blue or black ball-point pen. Do **not** use pencil.
- Answer **all** questions in this section.
- For each question there are four responses. When you have selected the response which you think is the most appropriate answer to a question, mark this response on your answer sheet.
- Mark all responses as instructed on your answer sheet. If you wish to change your answer to a question, follow the instructions on your answer sheet.
- Do all rough work in this book **not** on the answer sheet.

Information

- The maximum mark for this section is 30.
- Section A and Section B of this paper together carry 15% of the total marks for Physics Advanced.
- All questions in Section A carry equal marks. No deductions will be made for incorrect answers.
- A *Data Sheet* is provided on pages 3 and 4. You may wish to detach this perforated sheet at the start of the examination.
- The question paper/answer book for Section B is enclosed within this question paper.

Data Sheet

- A perforated Data Sheet is provided as pages 3 and 4 of this question paper.
- This sheet may be useful for answering some of the questions in the examination.
- You may wish to detach this sheet before you begin work.

The Data Sheet will replace this page

The Data Sheet will replace this page

SECTION A

In this section each item consists of a question or an incomplete statement followed by four suggested answers or completions. You are to select the most appropriate answer in each case.

- 1 A simple pendulum and a mass-spring system are taken to the Moon, where the gravitational field strength is less than on Earth. Which line, **A** to **D**, correctly describes the change, if any, in the period when compared with its value on Earth?

	period of pendulum	period of mass-spring system
A	decrease	decrease
B	increase	increase
C	no change	decrease
D	increase	no change

- 2 A body moves with simple harmonic motion of amplitude A and frequency $\frac{b}{2\pi}$.

What is the magnitude of the acceleration when the body is at maximum displacement?

- A** zero
- B** $4\pi^2 Ab^2$
- C** Ab^2
- D** $\frac{4\pi^2 A}{b^2}$
- 3 A progressive wave in a stretched string has a speed of 20 m s^{-1} and a frequency of 100 Hz . What is the phase difference between two points 25 mm apart?
- A** zero
- B** $\frac{\pi}{4} \text{ rad}$
- C** $\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
- D** $\pi \text{ rad}$

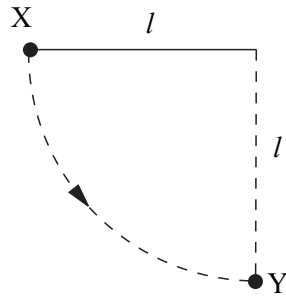
Turn over ►

- 4 Which one of the following statements about stationary waves is true?
- A Particles between adjacent nodes all have the same amplitude.
 - B Particles between adjacent nodes are out of phase with each other.
 - C Particles immediately on either side of a node are moving in opposite directions.
 - D There is a minimum disturbance of the medium at an antinode.
- 5 In a double slit interference arrangement the fringe spacing is w when the wavelength of the radiation is λ , the distance between the double slits is s and the distance between the slits and the plane of the observed fringes is D . In which one of the following cases would the fringe spacing also be w ?

	wavelength	distance between slits	distance between slits and fringes
A	2λ	$2s$	$2D$
B	2λ	$4s$	$2D$
C	2λ	$2s$	$4D$
D	4λ	$2s$	$2D$

- 6 Using a diffraction grating with monochromatic light of wavelength 500 nm incident normally, a student found the 2nd order diffracted maxima in a direction at 30° to the central bright fringe. What is the number of lines per metre on the grating?
- A 2×10^4
 - B 2×10^5
 - C 4×10^5
 - D 5×10^5

7



A ball of mass m , which is fixed to the end of a light string of length l , is released from rest at X. It swings in a circular path, passing through the lowest point Y at speed v . If the tension in the string at Y is T , which one of the following equations represents a correct application of Newton's laws of motion to the ball at Y?

A $T = \frac{mv^2}{l} - mg$

B $T - mg = \frac{mv^2}{l}$

C $mg - T = \frac{mv^2}{l}$

D $T + \frac{mv^2}{l} = mg$

- 8 The gravitational potential difference between the surface of a planet and a point P, 10 m above the surface, is 8.0 J kg^{-1} . Assuming a uniform field, what is the value of the gravitational field strength in the region between the planet's surface and P?

A 0.80 N kg^{-1}

B 1.25 N kg^{-1}

C 8.0 N kg^{-1}

D 80 N kg^{-1}

- 9 If the potential difference between a pair of identical, parallel, conducting plates is known, what is the only additional knowledge required to determine the electric field strength between the plates?

A the permittivity of the medium between the plates

B the separation and area of the plates

C the separation and area of the plates and the permittivity of the medium between the plates

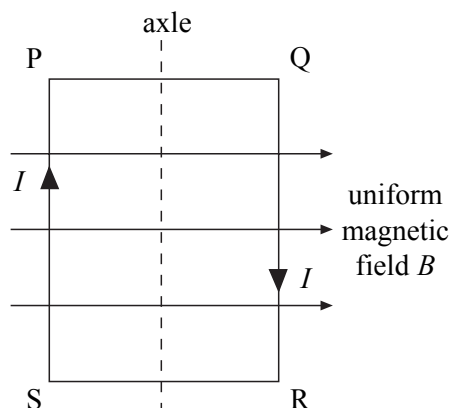
D the separation of the plates

Turn over ►

- 10 Which one of the following statements about *electric field strength* and *electric potential* is **incorrect**?
- A Electric potential is a scalar quantity.
- B Electric field strength is a vector quantity.
- C Electric potential is zero whenever the electric field strength is zero.
- D The potential gradient is proportional to the electric field strength.
- 11 Which line, **A** to **D**, gives correct units for both magnetic flux and magnetic flux density?

	magnetic flux	magnetic flux density
A	Wb m^{-2}	Wb
B	Wb	T
C	Wb m^{-2}	T m^{-2}
D	T m^{-2}	Wb m^{-2}

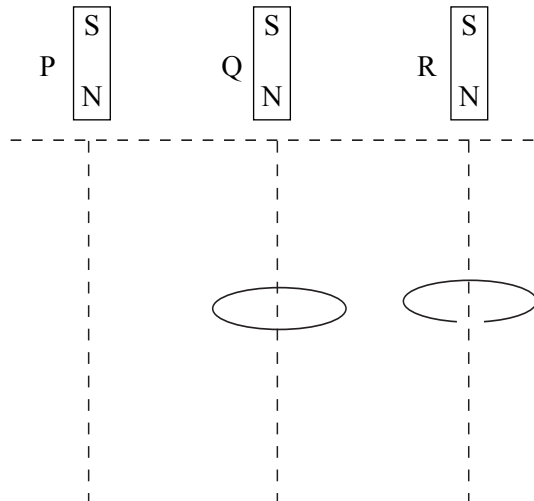
12



A coil, mounted on an axle, has its plane parallel to the flux lines of a uniform magnetic field B , as shown. When a current I is switched on, and before the coil is allowed to move,

- A there are no forces due to B on the sides SP and QR.
- B there are no forces due to B on the sides PQ and RS.
- C sides SP and QR tend to attract each other.
- D sides PQ and RS tend to attract each other.

13



Three identical magnets P, Q and R are released simultaneously from rest and fall to the ground from the same height. P falls directly to the ground, Q falls through the centre of a thick conducting ring and R falls through a ring which is identical except for a gap cut into it. Which one of the statements below correctly describes the sequence in which the magnets reach the ground?

- A P and R arrive together followed by Q.
- B P and Q arrive together followed by R.
- C P arrives first, followed by Q which is followed by R.
- D All three magnets arrive simultaneously.

14 What is the mass difference of the ${}^7_3\text{Li}$ nucleus?

Use the following data:

mass of a proton = 1.00728 u

mass of a neutron = 1.00867 u

mass of ${}^7_3\text{Li}$ nucleus = 7.01436 u

- A 0.93912 u
- B 0.04051 u
- C 0.04077 u
- D 0.04216 u

Turn over ►

- 15** The moderator in a nuclear reactor is sometimes made of graphite. What is the purpose of the graphite?
- A** to absorb all the heat produced
 - B** to decrease the neutron speeds
 - C** to absorb α and γ radiations
 - D** to prevent the reactor from going critical

END OF SECTION A

THERE ARE NO ITEMS PRINTED ON THIS PAGE

THERE ARE NO ITEMS PRINTED ON THIS PAGE