

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Science: Double Award 3462/3F Specification B (Co-ordinated)

Mark Scheme

2005 examination – June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Double Award Foundation Tier 3462/3F

3462/3F Q1

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| (a)(i) | less than | accept any correct indication | 1 |
| (ii) | more than | accept any correct indication | 1 |
| (b) | any two from: | | 2 |
| | stays <u>above</u> the same place | do not accept stays <u>in</u> the same place | |
| | above the equator | do not accept goes around equator unless qualified | |
| | one orbit takes 24 hours | do not accept orbit at same speed as Earth | |
| | | do not accept orbit at a constant speed | |
| | | accept has same angular speed / velocity as Earth | |
| total | | | 1 |
| iotai | | | 4 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|---|---|------|
| (a) | comet | | 1 |
| (b) | <u>large</u> group / number / collection of stars | ignore reference to planets accept millions of stars do not accept thousands of stars do not accept loads of stars | 1 |
| (c) | giant | | 1 |
| | neutron | | 1 |
| total | | | 5 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|---|--|------|
| (a)(i) | radio | | 1 |
| (ii) | gamma | accept microwave accept infrared | 1 |
| (iii) | ultra violet | | 1 |
| (iv) | microwaves | | 1 |
| (b) | the same as | | 1 |
| (c) | Quality of written communication | award for a sensible sequence of two points | 1 |
| | X-rays do not go through lead | accept lead protects them from the X-rays accept not exposed to X-rays | 1 |
| | lead stops / reduces risk of X-rays harming / damaging / killing (persons) <u>cells</u> | accept X-rays (may) cause cancer accept organs for cell do not accept references to electric shock do not accept stops bones of people showing on X-ray answers involving the horse wearing an apron are incorrect references to gamma rays are incorrect | 1 |
| total | | | 8 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|---|---|------|
| (a) | light | | 1 |
| | electrical | | 1 |
| (b) | 15% or 0.15 | correct substitution gains 1 mark only an answer of 15 with no unit or an incorrect unit gains 1 mark an answer of 0.15 given with a unit gains 1 mark | 2 |
| (c) | the ticket machine is a long way from other electricity supplies | | 1 |
| (d) | any figure between 5 and 10 inclusive | unit not required but if given must match numerical answer | 1 |
| total | | | 6 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|---|--|------|
| (a)(i) | radon (gas) | do not accept gas | 1 |
| (ii) | background | | 1 |
| (b) | bigger | accept any word which means bigger | 1 |
| (c) | Z alpha will not pass through aluminium or lead | if Z is not given, the reason does not score accept alpha cannot go through metals / dense material accept there is nothing to stop the radiation accept alpha will not pass through aluminium do not accept alpha will not pass through lead do not accept alpha stopped by air | 1 |
| total | | | 5 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| (a) | loses negative charge / electrons | do not accept positive charge transfers to the comb do not accept friction | 1 |
| (b) | A attract | | 1 |
| | B repel | | 1 |
| | C attract | | 1 |
| (c) | FADE | allow 2 marks for 2 letters in the correct place allow 1 mark for 1 letter in the correct place | 3 |
| total | | | 7 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|--|--|------|
| (a) | all points correctly plotted | tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square on y axis only allow 1 mark for 3 correctly plotted points | 2 |
| | attempt made to draw a smooth curve | do not accept dot-to-dot line | 1 |
| (b)(i) | 3 days \pm 0.2 or any value correctly obtained using their graph line | if no line drawn in (a), answer must be exactly 3 | 1 |
| (ii) | 3 days or their (b)(i) | | 1 |
| (c) | radon-222 | accept radon or 222 accept alpha or 3.8 correct isotope required for reason to score | 1 |
| | has the shortest <u>half-life</u> | accept the others have longer <u>half-</u> lives | 1 |
| total | | | 7 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|---|---|------|
| (a) | fossils of Cynognathus are found in Africa and South America | | 1 |
| | the shapes almost fit together | only two boxes should be ticked deduct 1 mark for each additional box to a minimum mark of 0 | 1 |
| (b) | continental | | 1 |
| | crust | | 1 |
| | tectonic | | 1 |
| total | | | 5 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|---|--|------|
| (a)(i) | $A_1 = 0.5$ | ignore any units | 1 |
| | A ₄ = 0.5 | allow 1 mark for $A_1 = A_4 \neq 0.5$ | 1 |
| (ii) | the resistance of P is more than 20 Ω | | 1 |
| | a smaller current goes through P / A_2 (than 20 $\Omega)$ | dependent on getting 1 st mark correct accept converse | 1 |
| (b)(i) | potential difference = current \times | | 1 |
| | | accept pd / voltage for potential difference accept V = I × R, correct symbols and correct case only accept volts = amps × ohms accept I R provided subsequent method is correct allow combination of physical quantities and named units allow voltage = I × R | |
| (ii) | 6 | allow 1 mark for correct substitution | 2 |
| (iii) | 6 | accept their (b)(ii) | 1 |
| (c) | thermistor or | accept correct circuit symbol allow phonetic spelling | 1 |
| | resistance goes down (as temperature of thermistor goes up) | do not accept changes for goes down do not accept an answer in terms of current only answers in terms of other components are incorrect | 1 |
| total | | | 10 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|--|--|------|
| (a)(i) | larger the distance, greater the time | accept 'they are proportional' accept converse | 1 |
| (ii) | any value between 6 and 9 years inclusive | | 1 |
| (b)(i) | carbon dioxide | | 1 |
| (ii) | (Venus) has high <u>er</u> temperature (than Mercury) | accept has the high <u>est</u> temperature accept Venus is hott <u>er</u> / hott <u>est</u> | 1 |
| | (Venus) further from the Sun than Mercury | do not accept has a high / very high temperature accept 'Venus is not the closest planet to the Sun' | 1 |
| | | answer in terms of greenhouse effect only, scores 0 marks | |
| total | | | 5 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|--|--|------|
| (a)(i) | 20 | | 1 |
| (ii) | convection | | 1 |
| (iii) | fit draughtproof strips | accept lay carpet accept fit curtains accept close doors / windows / curtains accept any reasonable suggestion for reducing a draught 'double glazing' alone is insufficient | 1 |
| (b) | air is (a good) insulator or air is a poor conductor | accept air cavity / 'it' for air | 1 |
| | reducing heat transfer by <u>conduction</u> | accept stops for reduces ignore convection do not accept radiation do not accept answers in terms of heat being trapped | 1 |
| (c)(i) | most cost effective | accept it is cheaper or low <u>est</u> cost accept shortest payback time accept in terms of reducing heat loss by the largest amount do not accept it is easier ignore most heat is lost through the roof | 1 |
| (ii) | 4 | | 1 |
| total | | | 7 |

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|--|---|------|
| (a)(i) | <u>constant</u> speed | do not accept normal speed do not accept it is stopped / stationary | 1 |
| | in a straight line | accept any appropriate reference to a direction | 1 |
| | | constant velocity gains 2 marks 'not accelerating' gains 2 marks | |
| | | terminal velocity alone gets 1 mark | |
| (ii) | goes down owtte | accept motorbike (it) slows down | 1 |
| (b)(i) | 20 (m/s) | ignore incorrect units | 1 |
| (ii) | acceleration = <u>change in velocity</u> time (taken) | do not accept velocity for change in velocity accept change in speed accept $a = \frac{v - u}{t}$ or $a = \frac{v_1 - v_2}{t}$ or $a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$ do not accept $a = \frac{v}{t}$ | 1 |
| (iii) | 4 or their (b)(i) ÷ 5 | allow 1 mark for correct substitution | 2 |
| | m/s ² | m/s/s or ms ⁻² or metres per second squared or metres per second per second | 1 |
| (c) | vehicle may skid / slide | loss of control / brakes lock / wheels lock accept greater stopping distance or difficult to stop | 1 |
| | due to reduced friction (between tyre(s) and road) | accept due to less grip do not accept <u>no</u> friction | 1 |

cont...

| (d) | any three from:<u>increased</u> speed | do not accept night time / poor vision | 3 |
|-------|--|---|----|
| | • <u>reduced</u> braking force | | |
| | • <u>slower</u> (driver) reactions | NB specific answers may each gain credit eg tiredness (1), drinking alcohol (1), using drugs (1), driver distracted (1) etc | |
| | • <u>poor</u> vehicle maintenance | specific examples may each gain credit eg worn brakes or worn tyres etc | |
| | • <u>increased</u> mass / weight of vehicle | accept large mass / weight of vehicle | |
| | • <u>poor</u> road surface | | |
| | • <u>more</u> streamlined | | |
| | | if candidates give three answers that affect stopping distance but not specific to <u>increase</u> award 1 mark only | |
| total | | | 13 |

3462/3F Q12 cont...

| question | answers | extra information | mark |
|----------|--|---|------|
| (a) | Quality of written communication | all emboldened terms in candidate's answer used correctly | 1 |
| | any two from: | | 2 |
| | • amplitude decreasing | accept siren / sound getting quieter | |
| | • wavelength increasing | do not accept sound decreases | |
| | • frequency decreasing | accept pitch decreasing ignore reference to transverse wave ignore reference to speed | |
| | | contradictory statements within each point lose the mark | |
| (b)(i) | ultrasound or ultrasonic | | 1 |
| (ii) | wave speed = frequency × wavelength | accept speed / velocity for wave speed | 1 |
| | | accept $v = f \times \lambda$ do not accept w for λ do not accept s for v accept v | |
| | | provided subsequent calculation shows a correct method | |
| (iii) | 339.2 or 340 or 339 | allow 1 mark for using 212000 allow 1 mark for correct substitution an answer of 0.3392 or 0.34 or 0.339 gains 1 mark only award full credit for a correct numerical answer with the unit changed to km/s | 3 |
| total | | | 8 |